



performed in Canada

MOH-Funded Harmony Prenatal Test Requisition

PATIENT INFORMATION	PRESCRIBER INFORMATION
Last Name First Name Date of Birth Year / Month / Day Health Ins. No. Sex	Last Name
	TEST MENU OPTIONS
BLOOD DRAW INFORMATION Collection Date Year Month Day	 ✓ Harmony Prenatal Test (T21, T18, T13) Additional options: ☐ Fetal Sex ☐ Monosomy X^{1,2} ☐ Sex Chromosome Aneuploidy Panel^{1,2}
Is this a redraw? ☐ Yes ☐ No	¹ Singletons only. ² Fetal sex not reported.
Collection Centre	CLINICAL INFORMATION
IMPORTANT: Patients must be of at least 10 weeks gestational age at the time of collection.	Gestational age: complete A or B A Gestational age at date of ultrasound: weeks days Date of ultrasound: Year Month Day B LMP Date; or Year Month Day
	# of Fetuses
	IVF Pregnancy
	I attest that my patient has been fully informed about details, capabilities, and limitations of the test(s). The patient has given full consent for this test. Clinician Signature
	Date Licence No







Patient Informed Consent

The Harmony® Prenatal Test is a prenatal screening test that analyzes cell-free DNA (cfDNA) in maternal blood. The test provides a risk assessment, not a diagnosis, of fetal chromosomal or genetic conditions, and fetal sex determination. Consider Harmony results in the context of other clinical criteria. Follow up confirmatory testing based on Harmony results for Trisomy 21, 18, 13, or sex chromosome aneuploidy could reveal maternal chromosomal or genetic conditions in some cases. Results from the Harmony Prenatal Test should be communicated in a setting designated by your healthcare provider that includes the availability of appropriate genetic counselling.

The Harmony non-invasive prenatal test is licensed in accordance with Health Canada regulation requirements for a class III license. The Harmony test is based on cell-free DNA analysis and is considered a prenatal screening test, not a diagnostic test. Harmony does not screen for potential chromosomal or genetic conditions other than those expressly identified in this document. All women should discuss their results with their healthcare provider who can recommend confirmatory diagnostic testing where appropriate.

Who is eligible for the Harmony Prenatal Test?

Patients must be of at least 10 weeks gestational age for any of the Harmony Test offerings. Patients with a twin pregnancy are not eligible for monosomy X, or sex chromosome aneuploidy. The Harmony Prenatal Test is not for patients with a history of or active malignancy; a pregnancy with fetal demise; a pregnancy with more than two fetuses; or a history of bone marrow or organ transplants.

What are the limitations of the Harmony Prenatal Test for Trisomies 21, 18, and 13, sex chromosome aneuploidy, and fetal sex determination?

The Harmony Prenatal Test is not validated for use in pregnancies with more than two fetuses, fetal demise, mosaicism, partial chromosome aneuploidy, translocations, maternal aneuploidy, transplant, malignancy, or in women under the age of 18. Harmony does not detect neural tube defects. Certain rare biological conditions may also affect the accuracy of the test. For twin pregnancies, HIGH RISK test results apply to at least one fetus; male test results apply to one or both fetuses; female results apply to both fetuses.

Not all trisomic fetuses will be detected. Some trisomic fetuses may have LOW RISK results. Some non-trisomic fetuses may have HIGH RISK results. False negative and false positive results are possible. A LOW RISK result does not guarantee an unaffected pregnancy due to the screening limitations of the test. Harmony provides a risk assessment, not a diagnosis, and results should be considered in the context of other clinical criteria. It is recommended that a HIGH RISK result and/or other clinical indications of a chromosomal abnormality be confirmed through fetal karyotype analysis such as amniocentesis. It is recommended that results be communicated in a setting designated by your healthcare provider that includes appropriate counselling. For a variety of reasons, including biological, the test has a failure rate. As such, you may be requested to redraw a new sample. In a small number of cases, a result for fetal sex and/or sex chromosome aneuploidy determination may not be obtained. This can be due to biological and technical factors influencing sex chromosome analysis that did not impact trisomy analysis.

Note: Options for Fetal Sex, Monosomy X, and Sex Chromosome Aneuploidy Panel can only be added up to a maximum of 30 days following initial reporting.

What is done with my sample after testing is complete?

No additional clinical testing will be performed on your blood sample other than those authorized by your healthcare provider. Dynacare will disclose the test results only to the healthcare provider(s) listed on the front of this form, or to his or her agent, unless otherwise authorized by you or as required by laws, regulations, or judicial order. Details on Dynacare's policies and procedures governing patient privacy and health information, including patient rights regarding such information, can be found at www.dynacare.ca/privacy-policy.aspx.

HARMONY is a trademark of Roche.





performed in Canada

MOH Criteria for Eligibility Form

Instructions: Please complete Patient Information and Indication Category I $\underline{\mathbf{or}}$ II sections of the form, and attach to the completed HarmonyTM Prenatal Test requisition.

PATIENT INFORMATION		
Last Name	Health Ins. No. (OHIP #)	
First Name	Date of birth (Year/Month/Day)	
INDICATION CATEGORY I		
For investigation of trisomy 21, 18 or 13 ONLY, with appropriate pre-test counselling including a discussion of the limitations of the test. And any one of the following: A maternal multiple marker screening test (eg. eFTS/MSS/Quad etc.) positive for aneuploidy Women of advanced maternal age, defined as ≥ 40 years of age at expected time of delivery. In the context of in vitro fertilization, the maternal age is guided by the age at egg retrieval (whether own egg or donor egg) Twins with ultrasound demonstration of fetal heart activity in both Fetal nuchal translucency (NT) ≥ 3.5mm Previous pregnancy or child with Trisomy 21, 18, or 13		
Healthcare Professional Signature	Date (Year/Month/Day) CSN#	
	CATEGORY II	
There are several situations where additional specialist consultation is necessary to determine whether NIPT is warranted and to provide appropriate pre and post-test counselling. NIPT funding for the following indications must be submitted by a genetics or maternal fetal medicine (MFM) specialist. Risk Indicators: A/ Fetal congenital anomalies identified on ultrasound, which are suggestive of trisomy 21, 18 or 13. Specify: OR: B/ Risk of aneuploidy for trisomy 21, 18 or 13 greater than that of a positive maternal multiple marker screen. • Women less than 40 years of age at expected date of delivery must have at least one other risk factor noted. • The risk of aneuploidy can be calculated by including any combination of risk indicators including soft markers, biochemistry, maternal age, etc. Please indicate all risk factors present:		
Absent nasal bone Hyperechogenic bowel Choroid plexus cysts Hypoplastic nasal bone	Intracardiac echogenic focus / foci Short femur	
Clinodactyly Increased nuchal fold / ede		
Cystic hygroma Increased nuchal translucer	ncy Ventriculomegaly	
☐ Maternal age: ☐ Other, specify: ☐ Other, specify: ☐ Other, specify: ☐ NIPT for sex chromosome determination (at least one of the following): ☐ Risk of a sex-limited disorder ☐ Ultrasound findings suggestive of a sex chromosome aneuploidy ☐ Ultrasound findings suggestive of a disorder of sex determination (DSD) Genetics or MFM specialist's name		
(Please print) Specialist's	Data	
Signature	Date (Year/Month/Day) CSN#	
Genetics or MFM Centre		